Y6 Autumn 3: The Alchemist's Letter

Vocabulary

Nouns	
cogs	
offspring	
memories	
florence flask	
Veridian	
Alchemist	
fragments	
machine	
parchment	
fuel	
father	
embryo	
daughter	
treasures	
contraption	
gears	
invention	
wax seal	
device	
orphan	
ratchet wheel	
pivot	
soul .	
pocket watch	
consciousness	
cylinders	
components	
mechanism	

carriage

Verbs Adjectives

orbiting residual crafted grieving rotate abandoned metamorphose unique survey prosperous inquisitive ignite regret glinting abandon translucent ebb uninhabited engulf alluring embrace forsaken intricate rejection retrospect bewitched realise incandescent neglect remarkable cascade marvellous transform ethereal inspect magnificent fathom grandiose scribe seductive reorientate cursed reflecting fascinating fabricate illusory reflect visionary radiant explain transform elegant howling meticulous construct intrigued conceive preoccupied **Ameliorate** captivating

Spellings

Prefix dis, un, over, im

Words with the / f/ sound spelt ph

disappointed dissatisfied dissimilar unsure unnecessary unnatural overseas overrule overreact impatient

graph pheasant phone photo physical alphabet dolphin elephant pamphlet sphere

Modal Verbs Modal verbs are auxiliary verbs which cannot usually work alone. They are used with a main verb. These are modal verbs will might should may ought must shall

Pathetic Fallacy

Using weather or atmosphere to reflect the mood of a character or plot.

Colon, Semi-Colon or Dash?

What do you know about these three punctuation marks? Tell your partner.

- A colon can be used to:

 introduce a list
- introduce a list
- separate two independent clauses when the second clause explains or illustrates the first claus
- A semi-colon can be used to:
- separate items in a list separate two closely related independent clauses instead of using
- A dash can be used to: indicate parenthesis within a sentence separate two
- independent clauses (more commonly used in informal writing)

Do you and your partner agree?